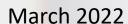


# Discover how Derwent Innovations Index helps researchers find inventions easily

User guide





## Why researchers should care about patents



- Along with journals and conference proceedings, patents are a major component of the world's published scientific literature.
- Up to 80% of technical knowledge can only be found in patent documents (because industrials tend to disclose their innovations only in patent applications)

#### BUT...

 Patents are by nature very technical documents that can be difficult to read for patent non-experts



## Why Derwent Innovations Index in Web of Science

- The Derwent Innovations Index (DII) is designed for use by the patent non-experts
- It is a resource providing easy search and discovery of patent content
- Clarivate-Derwent experts distill the contents of the patent, adding descriptive titles and structured abstracts, presented in a well-organized overview
- Derwent Innovations Index translates the key aspects of non-English language patents to ensure that you don't miss those important discoveries which sets us apart from other databases.



#### **Derwent Innovations Index**

- Coverage and benefits
- Searching
- Using specialist indexing
- Analyzing results
- Tracking citations
- Searching all databases



### **Derwent Innovations Index**

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## **DII Coverage**

Derwent Innovations Index combines unique value-added patent information indexed from over 50 patent issuing authorities in the Derwent World Patent Index, with patent citations indexed from the Derwent Patents Citation Index.

For full details on the coverage see here:-

https://clarivate.com/products/dwpi-reference-center/dwpi-coverage/

- 101M Patents (88K+ added per week)
- 51M+ Inventions
- From 61 sources, including 59 patent-issuing authorities and 2 literature sources
- From 1963 to present
- Combines three sources:
  - Derwent World Patents Index (DWPI)
  - Derwent Patents Citation Index (DPCI)
  - Derwent Chemical Patents Index (DCPI)
- Updated every 3-5 days

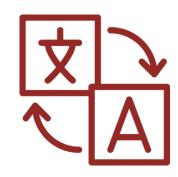


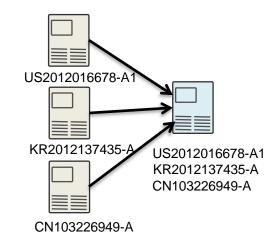
#### **DII Benefits**

900+ patent editors write abstracts based on their technical domain expertise

Derwent Innovations Index enhances searchability and discoverability of patent data by adding valuable metadata to the patent record:

- Descriptive title: concise titles that describe the invention and its novelty
- Abstract: 250-500 words description in English about the claims and novelty of the invention
- Patent family: applications for the same invention in countries around the world are linked together in one record
- Derwent Class Codes: allows user to quickly retrieve a category of inventions
- Derwent Manual Codes: indicates the novel technical aspects of the invention, and also its applications





## **A Typical Patent**

Patents are filed in multiple offices around the world, each having its own formats and standards.

They are usually written in a way that makes them difficult to understand.

This can make the task of tracing patents an onerous one.

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau 24 June 2021 (24.06,2021)

(43) International Publication Date WIPO PCT

(10) International Publication Number WO 2021/122461 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:

B32B 1/02 (2006.01) B32B 9/04 (2006.01) R32R 3/06 (2006.01) B32B 9/06 (2006.01) B32B 3/08 (2006.01) B32B 29/00 (2006.01) B32B 9/02 (2006.01) B32B 27/10 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/EP2020/085993

(22) International Filing Date:

14 December 2020 (14.12.2020)

(25) Filing Language:

(26) Publication Language:

(30) Priority Data: 102019000024841 19 December 2019 (19.12.2019) IT

- (71) Applicant: ALTER ECO DISPOSABLE S.R.L. [IT/IT]: Via Lago di Albano 14/C, 00019 Tivoli (RM) (IT).
- (72) Inventor: CORAZZI, Claudia; c/o Alter Eco Disposable S.R.L., Via Lago di Albano 14/C, 00019 Tivoli (RM) (IT).
- (74) Agent: LEONE, Mario et al.; Cantaluppi & Partners S.r.l., Via XX Settembre 98/G, 00187 Roma (IT).

(54) Title: IMPROVED PRIMARY FOOD PACKAGING

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, CA. CH. CL. CN. CO. CR. CU. CZ. DE. DJ. DK. DM. DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, IT, JO, JP, KE, KG, KH KP, KR, KW, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LU, LY, MA ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, WS, ZA, ZM,

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, ST, SZ UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE EE, ES, FL, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

#### (19)中华人民共和国国家知识产权局



#### (12)发明专利申请



(10)申请公布号 CN 112574434 A (43)申请公布日 2021, 03, 30

008J 9/28(2006.01)

008J 9/36(2006.01)

COBK 3/04(2006.01)

COSL 1/02(2006.01)

COSL 5/08(2006.01)

(21)申请号 201910945445.3

(22)申请日 2019.09.30

(71)申请人 武汉大学

地址 430072 湖北省武汉市武昌区珞珈山 武汉大学

(72)发明人 蔡杰 胡蕊 许多铎 钟奕 卫矛东 张俐娜

(74)专利代理机构 武汉科皓知识产权代理事务

所(特殊普通合伙) 42222

代理人 吳楚

(51) Int.C1.

COBJ 3/00(2006.01)

COSJ 3/24(2006.01)

COSJ 3/075(2006.01)

008J 3/09(2006.01)

权利要求书1五 能明书6页 附图3页

#### (54)发明名称

一种快速连续制备高初性天然高分子生物 塑料的方法

本发明公开了一种高初性天然高分子生物 塑料的快速连续化制备方法,首先利用天然高分 料。这种加工方法实现了非热塑性的天然高分子 生物塑料的连续化和快速化生产,并且所制备的 生物塑料内分子链发生取向,沿平面内排列,极 大的提升了塑料的韧性。这种新的加工方法不仅 工艺绿色环保、成本低,而且产品性能优异,它是 对现有技术的重大突破,适合于工业化生产及实 际应用,具有广阔的应用前景。



(57) Abstract: A food primary packaging (100), comprising a composite material including an overlapping of a plurality of suitable to prevent a beverage or a food item contained in said packaging (100) from oxidizing, said packaging (100) comprising (20) comprising a plurality of bioplastic layers (1, 1', 1") of which at least an internal layer (1), an external layer (1') and an internal layer (1") interposed between said internal layer (1) and said external layer (1'), each one of said layers comprising a film has thickness comprised between 10 microns and 50 microns: o at least a cardboard laver (2) interposed between said bioplastic ex layer (1') and said bioplastic intermediate layer (1"); o at least a cellophane layer (3) interposed between said bioplastic interm layer (1") and said bioplastic internal layer (1).



## The DII Equivalent

Our editorial team use the original patent to create a record in DII. This will have:

- a more descriptive English Title
- a plain English Abstract, with Novelty, Use, Advantage and if required, a Description of Drawings
- all of the patent numbers that make up the family
- links to original patent documents
- unified Assignee codes where available
- International Patent Codes and our own Derwent Codes
- full Patent Application details

Method for rapidly and continuously preparing high-toughness natural polymer bioplastics used in textiles, involves using natural polymer material solution to prepare natural polymer gel material, subjecting to roll-to-roll hot pressing



Chemical Information

Patent Number: CN112574434-A

Inventors: CAI J; HU L; XU D; ZHONG Y; WEI P; ZHANG L

Patent Assignee: UNIV WUHAN(UYWU-C)

Derwent Primary Accession Number: 2021-37425G

#### Abstract:

NOVELTY - A method for rapidly and continuously preparing high-toughness natural polymer bioplastics, involves step (1) using a natural polymer material solution to prepare a natural polymer gel material, step (2), subjecting the obtained natural polymer gel material to rapid and continuous roll-to-roll hot pressing, preferably orienting the molecular chains in the plane and drying to form a strong hydrogen bond.

Expand to show full abstract

#### Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The regeneration liquid used in step (1) regeneration includes water, water added with cations, and non-polar organic liquid with a water content of more than 50 wt.%.

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The natural polymer material in step (1) includes cellulose, chitin, chitosan, and the obtained natural polymer gel Expand to show full technology focus

Documentation Abstract: CN112574434(A)

Images: 5 (click to view)

International Patent Classification: C08J-003/00 Processes of treating or compounding macromolecular substances [2]; C08J-003/075 Macromolecular gels [6]; C08J-003/09 in organic liquids [5]; C08J-003/24 Crosslinking, e.g. vulcanising, of macromolecules INFO 5546 [2]; C08J-009/28 by elimination of a liquid phase from a macromolecular composition or article, e.g. drying of coagulum [2]; C08J-009/36 After-treatment INFO 5553 [2,5]; C08K-003/04 Carbon [2]; C08L-001/02 Cellulose; Modified cellulose [2]; C08L-005/08 Chitin; Chondroitin sulfate; Hyaluronic acid; Derivatives thereof [2]

Derwent Class Code(s): A96 (Medical, dental, veterinary, cosmetic.); A11 (Polysaccharides; natural rubber; other natural polymers (only a restricted range of (modified) natural polymers are included. Thus starch would be excluded, but chemically modified starch included).); A21 (Epoxides; aminoplasts; phenoplasts.); A35 (Other processing and general including vulcanisation, welding of plastics and adhesive processes. Testing.); A88 (Mechanical engineering and tools e.g. valves, gears and conveyor belts.); A92 (Packaging and containers - including ropes and nets.)

**Derwent Manual Code(s):** A03-C02 NATURAL RESINS OR GUMS, ROSIN (ABIETIC ACID), LIGNIN; A11-B02 ANNEALING, CRYSTALLISING, HEAT-SETTING, ORIENTING, DRAWING, FIBRILLATING; A11-B09A2 LAMINATING; LAY-UP OF REINFORCED PLASTICS INVOLVING NON-FIBROUS MATERIAL; A11-C02 CROSSLINKING, CURING, VULCANISATION; D04-A01P2 PHYSICAL METHOD; J04-E03 CATALYST SUPPORTS; J04-E11 CATALYST PRODUCTION



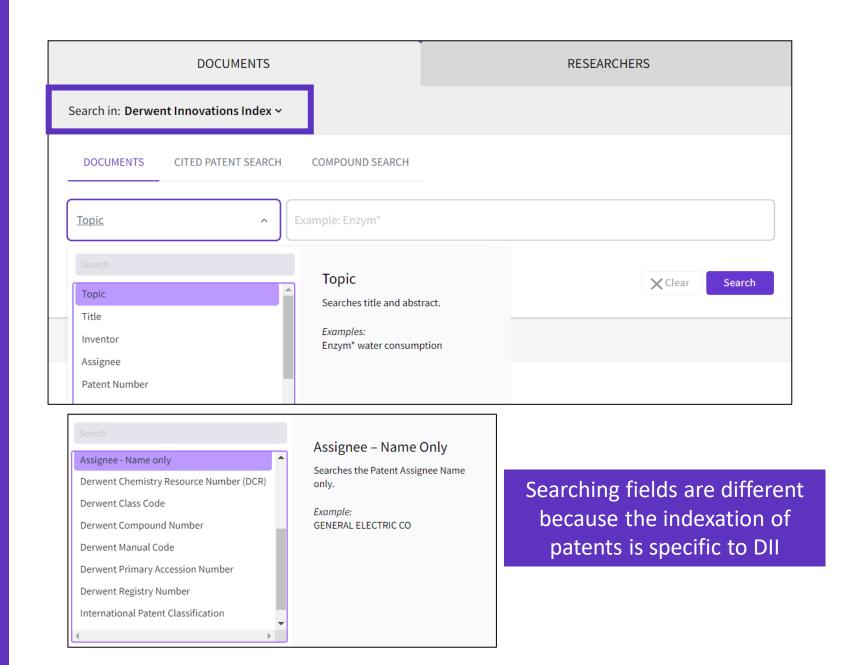
### **Derwent Innovations Index**

- Coverage and benefits
- Searching
- Using specialist indexing
- Analyzing results
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## Searching

The search engine in Derwent Innovations Index (DII) is not the same as the one in Web of Science.





## **Searching Limitations**

The search engine in Derwent Innovations Index (DII) is not the same as the one in Web of Science.

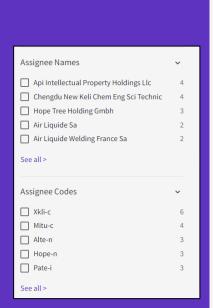
The main difference are shown opposite.

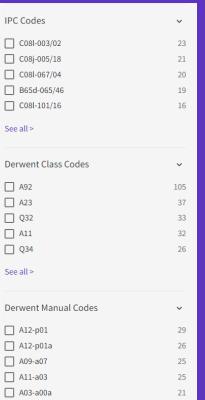
- You cannot use left-hand truncation in a search query including Topic and Title searches.
- You cannot use stopwords in a search query including Topic and Title searches. A search for Vitamin D will also find Vitamin A, Vitamin B, Vitamin C, and so on (unless you write it within quotation marks "vitamin d"
- You cannot create search queries using the NEAR/n operator. For example, battery NEAR/15 lithium is not a valid search.
- The Lemmatization feature is not available in the current version of the Derwent Innovations Index.
- The Derwent Innovations Index is integrated with the All Databases function, and therefore, searchable when you search the All Databases function.
- The following indexes are only available in the Chemical version of DII:
  - Ring Index Number
  - Derwent Compound Number
  - Derwent Registry Number
  - DCR Number



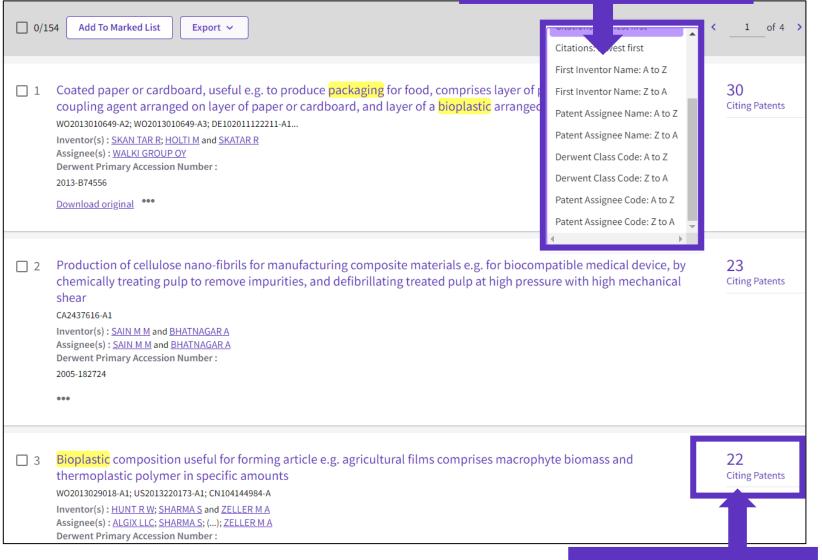
#### **Results List**

The search **Results List** is similar to Web of Science but there are a few differences.





#### Sort options specific to DII





Filters specific to DII

Links to Citing Patents.



#### **Record View**

The **Record View** is similar to Web of Science but there are a few special features in DII.

C Rotate image

Preparation of bioplastic material from a protein matrix and plasticizer, useful for making biodegradable packaging, films and adhesives

Chemical Information Patent Family

Inventors: JEREZ GOMEZ A; PARTAL LOPEZ P; MARTINEZ GARCIA I; GALLEGOS MONTES C; GUERRERO CONEJO A

Patent Assignee:

UNIV HUELVA(UYHU-Non-standard)

Unique organisation code.

Derwener rimary accession valuer. 2007-092424

#### Abstract:

NOVELTY - Method for preparing a bioplastic material (A) from a protein matrix (PM) and a plasticizer (I) comprises mixing PM and (I), then molding and compressing the mixture at suitable temperature and pressure.

USE - (A) is used to prepare biodegradable plastics for packaging; in preparation of films and adhesives, or to make plastic articles for general use. Expand to show full abstract

#### Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOLOGY - Preferred Materials: PM is of plant or animal origin, preferably gliadin or glutenin from wheat and/or egg proteins (from white or yolk) but also rice and/or potato proteins. (I) is one or more of water; glycerol; sorbitol; propylene glycol; sucrose; poly(ethylene glycol); fatty acids and monoglycerides. Preferred Process: PM and (I) are mixed in a discontinuous mixer operated at 5-500 rpm and 10-200 degrees C, preferably under adiabatic conditions. Molding is at 10-200, particularly 25-140, degrees C and 0-500, Expand to show full technology focus

#### **Extension Abstract:**

EXAMPLE - Egg white proteins (66%) and glycerol (33%) were blended at 25degreesC for 10 minutes, in a rheometer at 50 rpm, to form a homogeneous mixture which was recovered, subdivided and cooled. It was then compressed in a stainless steel mold (3 by 10 by 50 mm), covered with aluminum foil, for 10 minutes, at 120degreesC and various pressures. The product had elasticity modulus, at constant traction of 20 mm/minute, of 650.1 N/mm2 when molded at 0 bar and 887.8 N/mm2 at 25 bar; compare 560.5 N/mm2 for low-density Expand to show full extension abstract

Documentation Abstract: WO2006134188(A2,A3)

Images: 3 (click to view)

International Patent Classification C08L-000/00; C08H-001/00 Macromolecular products derived from proteins INFO 5542

Derwent Class Code(s): A92 (Packaging and containers - including ropes and nets.); A17 (Polymers Tunsubstituted aliphatic monoolefins; including polyethylene.); A25 (Polyurethanes; polyethers.); G03 (Adhesives - excluding dispensers. Polymeric adhesives are also consisted in Section A (C09H, J).)

ADHESIVES

Derwent Manual Code(s) A03-C01 PROTEINACEOUS POLYMERS;

Links to indexed terms.

GRADABILITY; G03-B02A NATURAL POLYMERS



#### **Record View**

The **Record View** is similar to Web of Science but there are a few special features in DII.

Preparation of bioplastic material from a protein matrix and plasticizer, useful for making biodegradable packaging, films and adhesives



Chemical Information

Inventors: JEREZ GOMEZ A; PARTAL LOPEZ P; MARTINEZ GARCIA I; GALLEGOS MONTES C; GUERRERO CONEJO A

Patent Assignee:

UNIV HUELVA HU-Non-standard)

Derwent Pri Accession Number: 2007-092424

#### Abstract:

NOVELTY - Method for preparing a bioplastic material (A) from a protein matrix (PM) and a plasticizer (I) comprises mixing PM and (I), then molding and compressing the mixture at suitable temperature and pressure.

USE - (A) is used to prepare biodegradable plastics for packaging; in preparation of films and adhesives, or to make plastic articles for general use. Expand to show full abstract

#### Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOLOGY - Preferred Materials: PM is of plant or animal origin, preferably gliadin or glutenin from wheat and/or egg proteins (from white or yolk) but also rice and/or potato proteins. (I) is one or more of water; glycerol; sorbitol; propylene glycol; sucrose; poly(ethylene glycol); fatty acids and monoglycerides. Preferred Process: PM and (I) are mixed in a discontinuous mixer operated at 5-500 rpm and10-200degreesC, preferably under adiabatic conditions. Molding is at 10-200, particularly 25-140, degreesC and 0-500, Expand to show full technology focus

#### Extension Abstract:

EXAMPLE - Egg white proteins (66%) and glycerol (33%) were blended at 25degreesC for 10 minutes, in a rheometer at 50 rpm, to form a homogeneous mixture which was recovered, subdivided and cooled. It was then compressed in a stainless steel mold (3 by 10 by 50 mm), covered with aluminum foil, for 10 minutes, at 120degreesC and various pressures. The product had elasticity modulus, at constant traction of 20 mm/minute, of 650.1 N/mm2 when molded at 0 bar and 887.8 N/mm2 at 25 bar; compare 560.5 N/mm2 for low-density Expand to show full extension abstract

Documentation Abstract: WO2006134188(A2,A3)

Images: 3 (click to view)

#### Patent Family

Download	Patent Number	Publication Date	Main IPC	Week	Language	Application #	App. Date	More
Original	WO2006134188-A2	21 Dec 2006		200709	SPN	WOES000337	08 Jun 2006	+View More
	ES2284329-A1	01 Nov 2007	C08H-001/00	200782	SPN	ES001446	15 Jun 2005	
Original	WO2006134188-A3	14 Feb 2008	C08H-001/00	200815	SPN			+View More
	ES2284329-B1	01 Oct 2008	C08H-001/00	200867	SPN	ES001446	15 Jun 2005	

Links to download the original document for EP, JP, US and WO patents only



## Searching

By combining a typical "**Topic**" search with a specialist index search like "**International Patent Classification**", more precise results can be found.

The International Patent Classification (IPC) is an internationally recognized classification system that is controlled by the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) and assigned to patent documents by Patent Offices.

If you need to widen the indexed search, simply remove the last 2 digits and add an "\*".

Multiple index search terms can be used in conjunction with the usual Boolean operators.





### **Derwent Innovations Index**

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- Searching all databases



## **Specialist Indexing**

Derwent Innovations Index has several specialist indexes available for searching. Some are specific to Derwent, while others are standard patent indexes.

**Derwent Class Codes**: allows user to quickly retrieve a category of inventions

**Derwent Manual Codes**: indicates the novel technical aspects of the invention, and also its applications

Chemical Sections (A - M) **Derwent Class Codes** > A Polymers and Plastics A1 Addition and Natural Polymers A11 Polysaccharides; natural rubber; other natural polymers (only a restricted range of (modified) natural Add polymers are included. Thus starch would be excluded, but chemically modified starch included). A12 Polymers of di-and higher olefins; acetylenics; nitroso Add A13 Polymers of aromatic mono-olefins; including Add polystyrene. A14 Polymers of other substituted mono-olefins; Add including PVC, PTFE. A17 Polymers of unsubstituted aliphatic mono-olefins; Add including polyethylene.

Add

A18 Addition polymers in general.

Assignee - Name only

DCR Number

Derwent Class Code

Derwent Compound Number

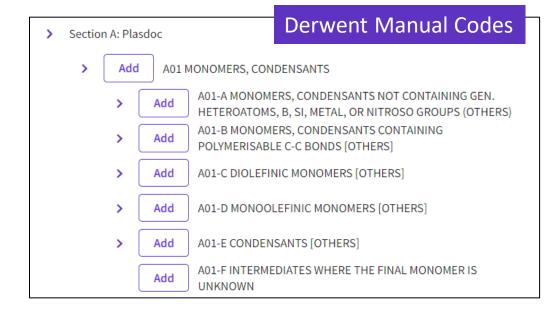
Derwent Manual Code

Derwent Primary Accession Number

Derwent Registry Number

International Patent Classification

Ring Index Number



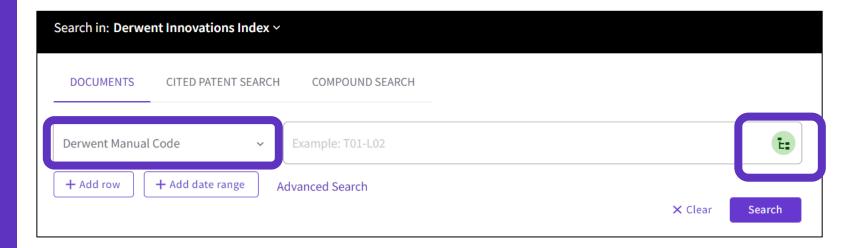


## **Specialist Indexing**

Since the national patent offices may apply IPCs in different ways, the same invention patented in several countries can have different IPCs.

The Derwent patent family structure solves this problem by assigning the most appropriate Derwent class(es) to the basic patent record.

All other members of the family then automatically take the same class(es). The exception to this is for Engineering patents where the classes applied to the equivalent patent may be revised if the IPCs change.



Derwent Manual Codes are assigned to patents by Derwent's indexers. They are used to indicate the novel technical aspects of an invention, and also its applications. Using manual codes to create a detailed search strategy can significantly improve the speed and accuracy of searching.

Manual codes are arranged in hierarchies where there is a broad or general code at the top of the hierarchy followed by subdivisions of the codes into more specific categories.

#### **Search Tip**

When performing a search using manual codes, use the asterisk (\*) character. For example, searching for J07-B finds patents that have not been assigned to one of the subdivisions within the J07-B hierarchy while J07-B\* finds those patents as well as all patents within all subdivisions in the J07-B hierarchy

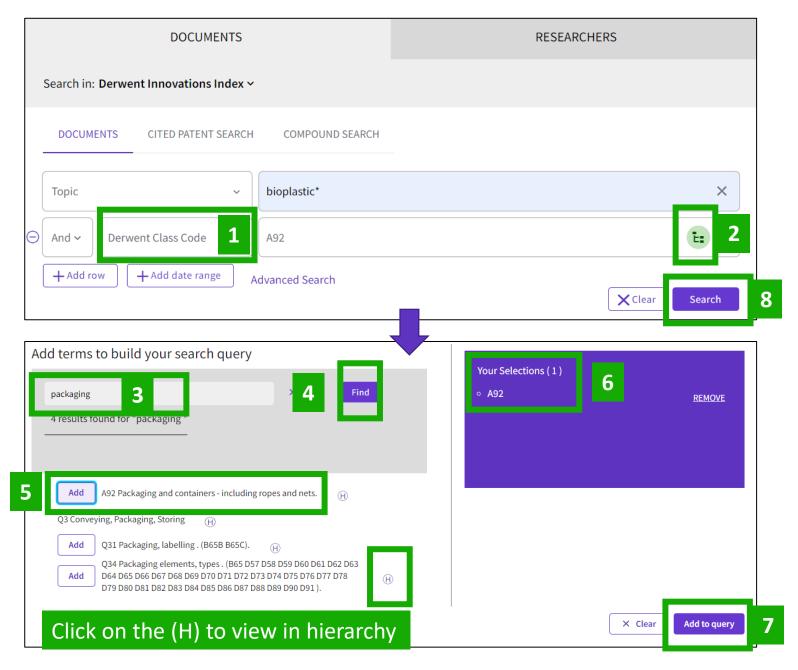


## Searching

By combining a typical "**Topic**" search with a specialist index search like "**Derwent Class Code**" or "Derwent Manual Code, more precise results can be found.

If you need to widen the indexed search, simply remove the last digits and add an "\*".

Multiple index search terms can be used in conjunction with the usual Boolean operators.





## Searching

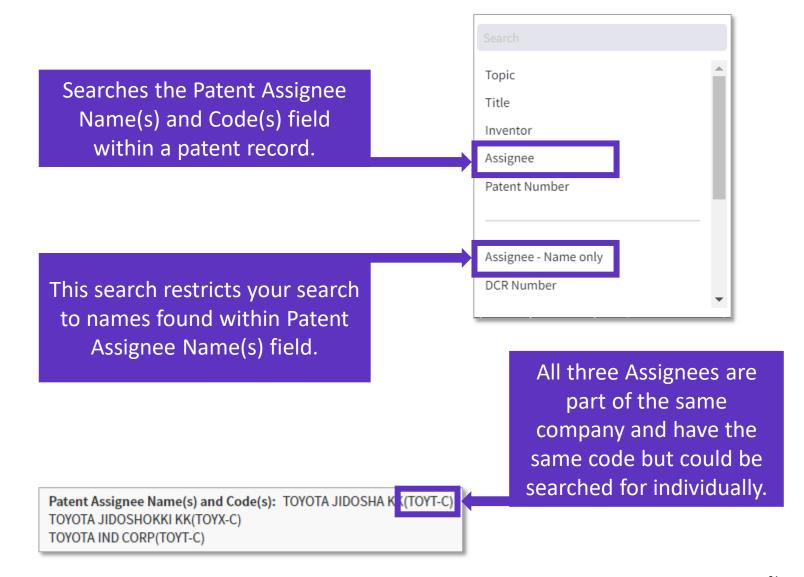
There are two Assignee search options.

"Assignee" and "Assignee – Name Only"

Derwent assigns a unique 4-letter code to approximately 21,000 companies (those with most patents), these codes retrieve subsidiaries and related holdings of the company. Other companies and individual patent assignees are given a nonstandard 4-letter code, which is not unique. Patent codes appear as:

- ABCD-C (Standard Company)
- ABCD-I (Individual)
- ABCD-N (Non-standard)
- ABCD-R (Soviet Assignee)

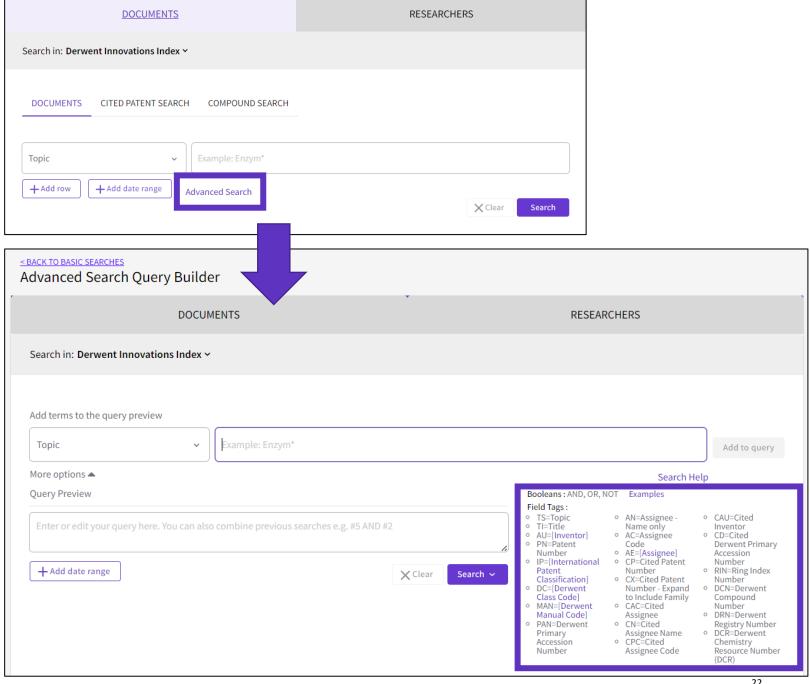
**Patent Assignee Codes**: enable all of a company's patents to be found even though they may have filed them under different name variations (>20k companies)





## **Complex queries**

For complex queries, use the Advanced Search Query Builder where you will find additional field tags specific to DII





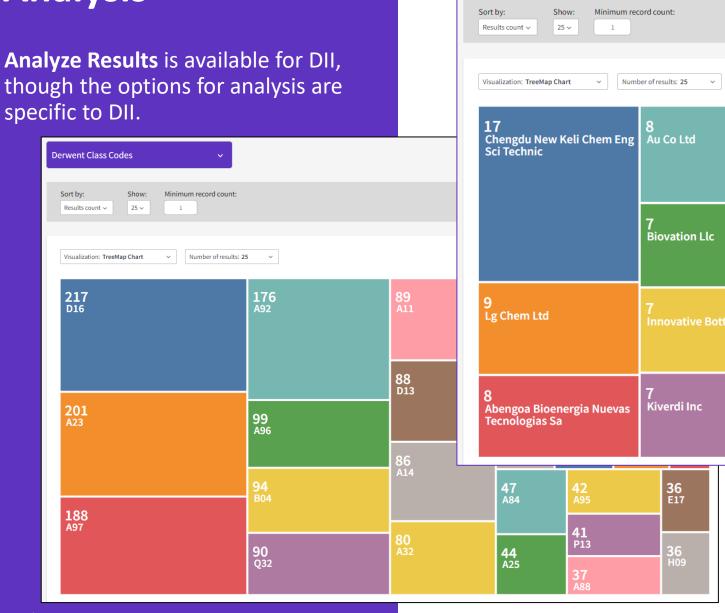
### **Derwent Innovations Index**

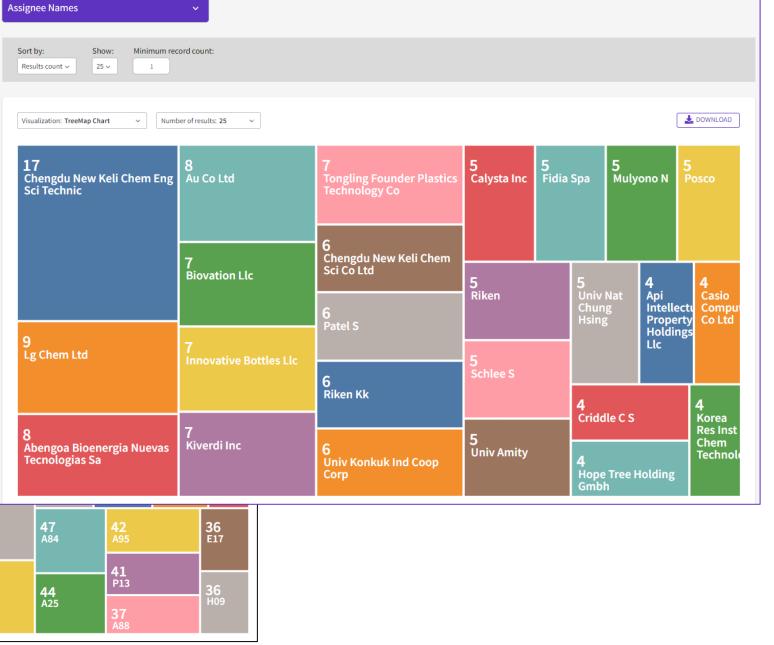
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## **Analysis**

though the options for analysis are specific to DII.







## DII can help you

- Find patents without specialist knowledge
- Search for English language equivalents
- Review the novelty of an invention
- Determine the extent to which an invention is covered internationally
- Identify competitors or collaborators
- Avoid or watch for patent infringements
- Research technological advances
- Find gaps in the marketplace



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## Citations

DII records any citation information associated with a patent family.

#### This includes:

- any other patents that cited it
- patents cited by the Inventor and the Examiner
- articles cited by Inventor and the Examiner

Where these items are in the Web of Science, links are provided to the records.

Composition for freshening air and surfaces, comprises several particles, polysaccharide system comprising polysaccharide which is xanthan gum and polysaccharide chosen from konjac gum, locust bean gum and tara gum, and aqueous carrier

Patent Family

Chemical Information

Inventors: LYNCH M L; COLINA C J; HORENZIAK S A; ILLIE B P; GIZAW Y; SUN Y; LAMEIRAS D J A; FERNANDEZ P S; JEREZ G A; FERNANDEZ PRIETO S; ...More

Patent Assignees:

PROCTER & GAMBLE CO(PROC-C)

PROCTER & GAMBLE INT OPERATIONS AG(PROC-C)

Derwent Primary Accession Number: 2018-45005L

Abstract

NOVELTY - A freshening composition comprises several particles, a polysaccharide system comprising a polysaccharide (p1) and a polysaccharide (p2), and an aqueous carrier. The polysaccharide (p1) is xanthan gum. The polysaccharide (p2) is chosen from konjac gum, locust bean gum, and tara gum.

USE - Composition is used for freshening air and surfaces (all claimed) in form of spray. Uses include but are not limited to countertops, cabinets, walls, floors, bathroom surfaces, Expand to show full abstract

#### Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The composition further comprises a surface tension reducing agent, a malodor counteractant, antimicrobial agent. The surface tension reducing agent is chosen from quaternary ammonium compounds, non-ionic surfactants, anionic surfactants, and silicon compounds. The malodor counteractant is chosen from polyols, cyclodextrin and derivatives thereof, amine functional polymers, and aldehydes. The antimicrobial agent is quaternary ammonium Expand to show full technology focus

Documentation Abstract: US20180154033(A1)

Images: 6 (click to view)

Citation Network
In Derwent Innovations Index

2
Citing Patents

Articles Cited by Examiner

3
Articles Cited by Inventor

31

Patents Cited by Examiner

Patents Cited by Inventor

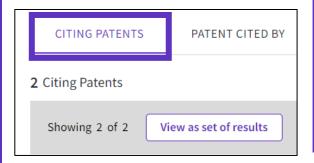
76

The new Web of Science resolves > 50% more citations from patents to articles so there are more links available from patents on Derwent Innovation Index to the Web of Science Core Collection.



#### **Citations**

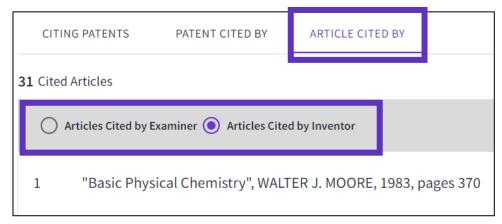
- Citations reflect the influence on other innovators of each patented idea
- DII automatically removes double, triple (or more) counting of citation events between the same patented ideas
- Clarivate normalizes patent citations compiled by patent examiners and uses this indicator as part of the methodology to determine the list of Top 100 Global Innovators (normalization for variation by technology sector and differences that occur by geography or language)



Displays the number of patent family records whose members have cited members of the current patent family. A zero means that no patents covered in the current database cite members of this patent family.



Displays the number of patents cited by the inventor / examiner. A zero means there are no patent references or the references were not keyed into the database.



Displays the number of articles (non-patent items) cited by the inventor / examiner. A zero means the patent has no article references or the references were not keyed into the database.



## **Cited Patent Search** - DII

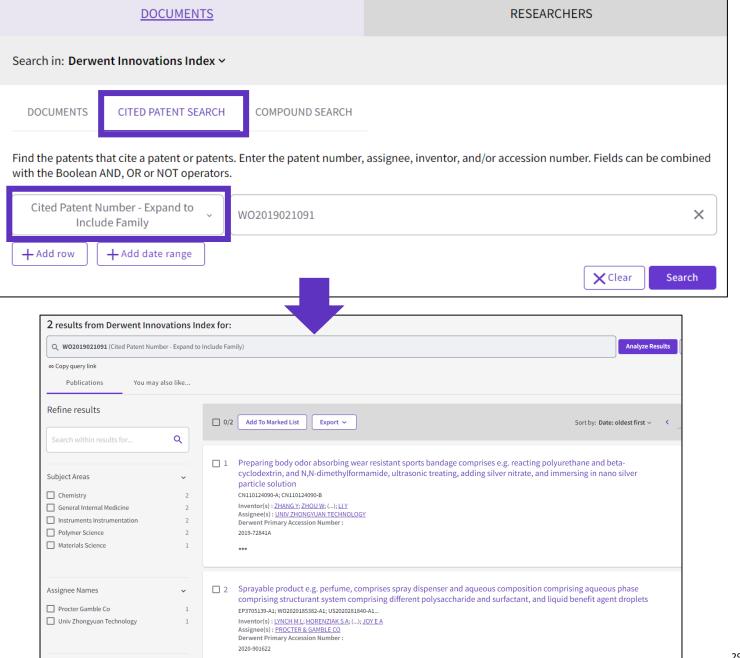
There is a **Cited Patent Search** option in DII, similar to the Cited Reference in Web of Science.

However, it does not include an intermediary selection screen before showing the results list.

#### Cited Patent Number -Expand to Include Family

Expand your search to include all patent numbers found within a patent family by selecting this field. You must enter a unique patent number when using the Expand Family option.

Examples: EP178925 EP178925-A





### **Derwent Innovations Index**

- Coverage and benefits
- Searching
- Using specialist indexing
- Analyzing results
- Tracking citations
- Searching all databases



#### **All Databases Search**

Wider Discovery and Citation Tracking



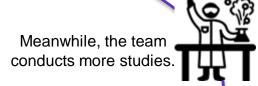
Studies and experiments get underway after a research team receives grant funding for a project.



Early findings are presented by the team at **conferences**, where they collect feedback from their colleagues.



The team works to publish journal articles that will share their findings more widely.



The team publishes a **book**, which provides more information and detail on the research topic than the articles published along the way.



The team files **patent** applications to protect new discoveries.



Research datasets
generated in the lab
or fieldwork are
deposited in data
repositories so others
can reuse them.



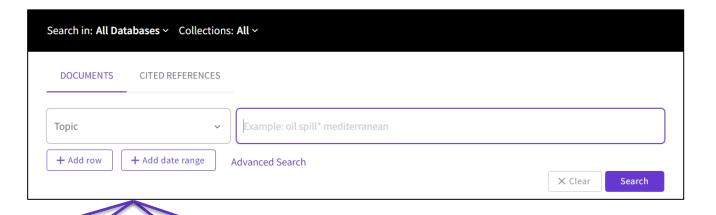


findings mean new journal articles.



#### **All Databases Search**

Specialist Indexing is searched in addition to the usual fields



## Web of Science Core collection

Title, Abstract, Author Keywords, KeyWords Plus®

## **BIOSIS Citation Index Biological Abstracts**

Title, Abstract Vajor Concepts, Concept Code(s) Taxonomic Data, Disease Data, Chemical Data, ...

## Derwent Innovations Index

Title. Abstract, Equivalent abstracts, International patent classification, Derwent Class codes, Derwent Manual codes

#### Inspec

Title, Abstract, Controlled Indexing, Uncontrolled Indexing, Original Indexing Classification Code(s)

#### **Zoological Records**

Title, Abstract, Broad Terms Descriptors Data, Super Taxa, Taxa Notes

#### **MEDLINE**

Title, Abstract, MeSH Terms Keyword List, Chemical, Gene Symbol, Subject,...

#### **CABI**

Title, Abstract, Descriptors, Broad Descriptors, Organism Descriptors, Geographic Location, CABICODE Names

#### **Data Citation Index**

Titles, Abstracts, Repository Name, Data Study, Data Set

## Food Science and Technology abstracts

Title, Abstract, FSTA Thesaurus, MeSH Thesaurus

## Current Contents Connect

Title, Abstract, Author Keywords KeyWords Plus®

## **Chinese Science Citation Database**

Title, Abstract, Author Keywords

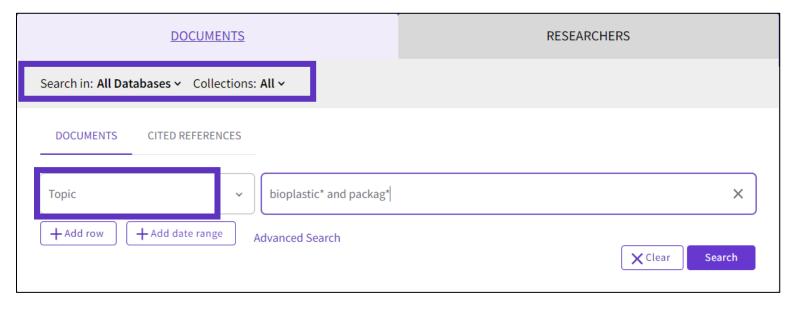
#### **SciELO Citation Index**

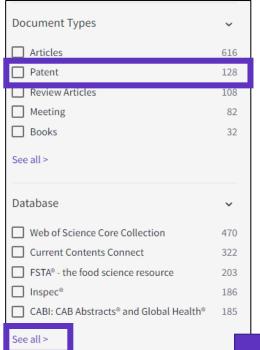
Title, Abstract, Author Keywords

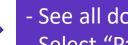


## Searching

When searching in **All Databases** or the **Web of Science Core Collection**, the results can easily be filtered to show just **Patents** if required.







- See all document types
- Select "Patent" and refine



#### **Record View**

The DII indexed terms links are not present in the **Record View** of a **Patent** record when searching from All Databases or the Web of Science Core Collection.

Preparation of bioplastic material from a protein matrix and plasticizer, useful for making biodegradable packaging, films and adhesives





Chemical Information

Inventors: JEREZ GOMEZ A; PARTAL LOPEZ P; MARTINEZ GARCIA I; GALLEGOS MONTES C; GUERRERO CONEJO A

Patent Assignee:

UNIV HUELVA(UYHU-Non-standard)

Derwent Primary Accession Number: 2007-092424

#### In Web of Science the indexed information is not linked

International Patent Classification: C08L-000/00; C08H-001/00 Macromolecular products derived from proteins INFO 5542

Derwent Class Code(s): A92 (Packaging and containers - including ropes and nets.); A17 (Polymers of unsubstituted aliphatic monoolefins; including polyethylene.); A25 (Polyurethanes; polyethers.); G03 (Adhesives - excluding dispensers. Polymeric adhesives are also classified in Section A (C09H, J).)

Derwent Manual Code(s): A03-C01; A08-P01; A09-A07; G03-B02A

#### In Derwent Innovation Index it is linked

International Patent Classification: C08L-000/00; C08H-001/00 Macromolecular products derived from proteins INFO 5542

Derwent Class Code(s): A92 (Packaging and containers - including ropes and nets.); A17 (Polymers of unsubstituted aliphatic monoolefins; including polyethylene.); A25 (Polyurethanes; polyethers.); G03 (Adhesives - excluding dispensers. Polymeric adhesives are also classified in Section A (C09H, J).)

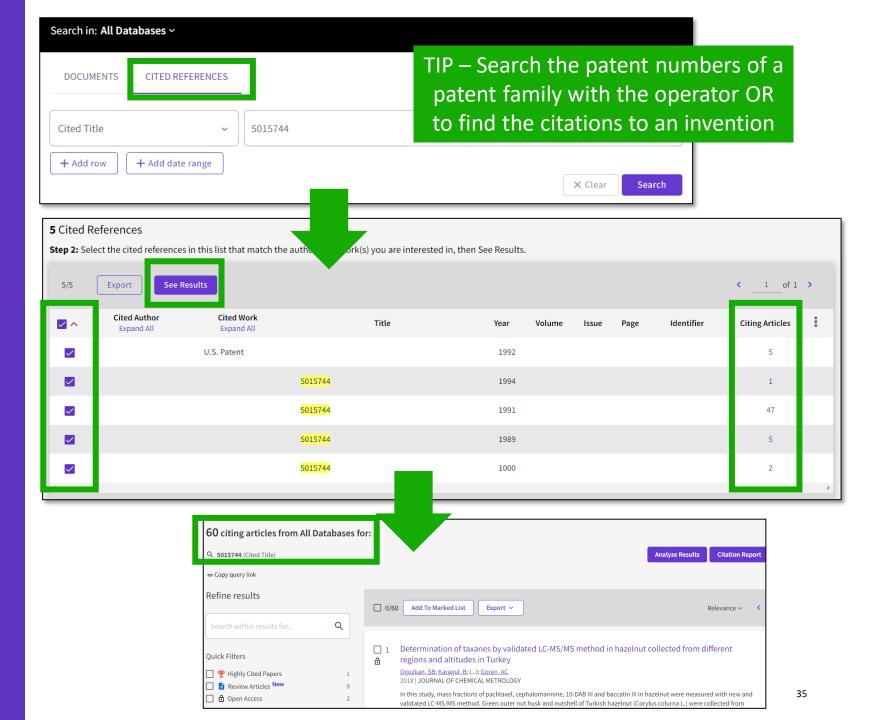
Derwent Manual Code(s): A03-C01 PROTEINACEOUS POLYMERS; A08-P01 PLASTICISERS AND EXTENDERS [GENERAL]; A09-A07 BIODEGRADABILITY; G03-B02A NATURAL POLYMERS **ADHESIVES** 



## Cited Patent Search – All Databases

The Cited Reference in Web of Science can be used to search for Cited Patents too.

To do a Cited Reference Search for patents, enter the patent number in the **Cited Title** field. Do not specify a country code. For example, enter "5015744" to look up references to patent US5015744. This search will retrieve results for citations to this patent from source items indexed in the Web of Science.

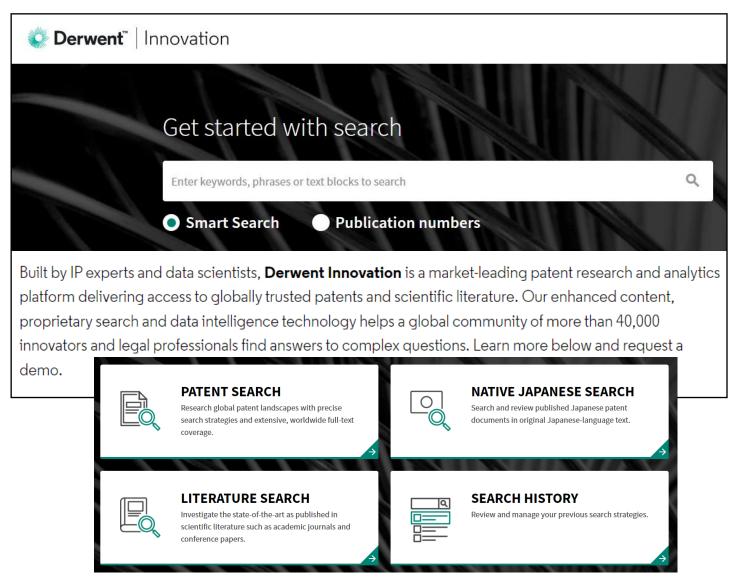


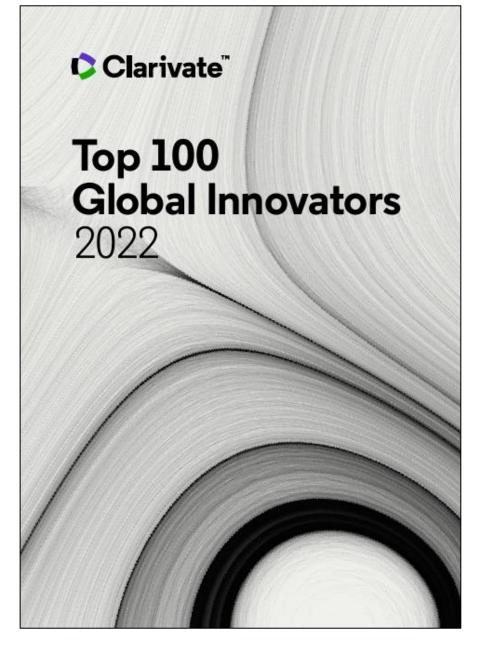


## More resources



## More resources for patent specialists









Needs to see over the horizon

Clarivate